

Positive Behaviour Policy

This policy has been re-written with reference to DfE guidance for 'Behaviour in schools 2022 and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.

Date Last Reviewed: October 2023

Next Review Date: October 2024

Audience: Open

Related Policies:

- Attendance Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- E-safety Policy
- External Exclusion Policy

Contents

1. Aims and Expectations	2
2. Safeguarding	3
3. Roles and Responsibilities in Promoting Positive Behaviour	3
4. Monitoring and Evaluating	4
5. Trips	4
6. Review:	5
7. APPENDIX I - Rewards and Sanctions	5
8. APPENDIX II - Physical restraint procedures	9
9. Appendix III - Rights and Responsibilities	12
10. APPENDIX IV - Additions to Behaviour Policy while social distancing measures	
remain in place.	14

1. Aims and Expectations

The school strives to provide a caring ethos where everyone in the school community feels safe, confident, valued and respected. By promoting an environment where everyone can live and work together in a supportive way, pupils are able to reach their full potential, emotionally, socially and intellectually.

The primary aim of our behaviour policy is to promote good behaviour. We have school rules and the staff do not ignore unacceptable behaviour, but having high expectations, being good role models and rewarding pupils enables us to promote positive behaviour. (See Appendix I 'Rewards and Sanctions')

This policy is designed to promote good behaviour rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour. When sanctions are needed, this policy outlines the expected outcomes for all pupils.

2. Safeguarding

As a school, we acknowledge the legal duties under the Equality Act 2021 and Keeping children safe in education 2023', in respect of safeguarding and in respect of pupils with special educational needs (SEND).

3. Roles and Responsibilities in Promoting Positive Behaviour

The Headteacher will:

- Implement the school behaviour policy consistently throughout the school by setting the standards of behaviour and supporting staff in the implementation of the policy.
- Keep records of all reported serious incidents of misbehaviour.
- Support the lunchtime supervisors during lunch breaks.
- Report to Governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy.
- Ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school.
- Report to/meet with parents/carers when children have reached stage 3
 of the policy and when there are incidents of bullying, racism or
 homophobic or sexual harassment.
- Be responsible for suspensions to individual children for serious acts of misbehaviour. The Headteacher may permanently exclude a child for repeated, or very serious, acts of anti-social behaviour. This action is only taken after the school governors have been notified.
- Report to/meet with parents/carers when necessary
- Be aware of and understand his/her rights and responsibilities (see Appendix II)

The Headteacher and/or a member of teaching staff will be on playground duty during lunch break to support lunchtime supervisors.

All Staff will:

- Give opportunities to develop interpersonal and social skills
- Offer a curriculum that enables pupils to engage
- Make sure that pupils listen and are listened to and value others
- Help pupils to gain the ability to make choices about their behaviour
- Help pupils understand their rights and responsibilities as citizens in our society.
- Be a positive role model
- Reward/praise positive behaviour
- Record incidents of poor/disruptive behaviour in the School Rewards
 System or behaviour log when necessary
- Inform the Headteacher of any incidents of bullying, racism or homophobic incidents.
- Ensure the pupils in their class know the class and school rules
- Inform parents about their child's welfare or behaviour and, where necessary, work alongside parents to improve their child's behaviour
- Be aware of and understand their rights and responsibilities (see Appendix II)

Pupils will:

- Respect and care for others
- Listen to others
- Learn/work cooperatively
- Obey the school rules
- Resolve disputes positively
- Value and take responsibility of the environment
- When necessary carry out self-monitoring
- Be aware of and understand their rights and responsibilities (see Appendix II)
- Be aware of their own emotions and actions and take responsibility for these

Parents, Carers and Families will:

- Support and work with the school to improve their child's behaviour
- Promote positive behaviour at home in order to have continuity between home/school
- Initially contact the class teacher if they have concerns about the way their child has been treated. If concerns remain, contact the Headteacher then if necessary the school governors.
- Initially contact the class teacher if they feel their child's behaviour, in or out of school, is impacting on the child's emotional well-being.
- Be aware of and understand their rights and responsibilities (see Appendix II)

The Governing Body will:

- Support the school in the implementation of the policy
- Give advice, when necessary, to the Headteacher about disciplinary issues so that he/she can take the advice into account when making decisions about behaviour issues
- Review the effectiveness of the policy

4. Monitoring and Evaluating

- The effectiveness of this policy will be regularly monitored by the Senior Leadership Team.
- The school keeps a behaviour log which includes incidents of bullying, racism and homophobia. This log is checked twice a week by the headteacher. The children's reflections on their behaviour are kept as a record.

5. Trips

Attendance on school trips is a privilege and not an automatic right. If a pupil's behaviour before a trip is consistently unacceptable and they have moved to stage 3 of the sanctions procedures, they may not be accepted on a trip.

The school reserves the right at any time to withdraw any pupil from a trip if they are involved in any behaviour which we deem does not live up to our school code of conduct or they are deemed to be a risk to the health and safety of themselves or of others.

6. Review:

The policy will be reviewed in line with the school's review cycle. However, the governors may review the policy earlier if the governing body receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved.

7. APPENDIX I - Rewards and Sanctions

Rewards:

To reinforce good work/learning, behaviour and attitude the school uses-

- Verbal praise
- · House points which can be viewed by their parents at home
- Weekly merit certificate given out during school assembly
- Pupils' work is displayed throughout the school
- Children sent to the Headteacher or subject co-ordinator to show their work.
- Leaf for the 5Rs (this rewards pupils for being reliable, resilient, resourceful, respectful and reflective).

Sanctions and consequences: Please note:

- Children on behaviour support plans may require different strategies and sanctions.
- As there is no sensory room, for some ASD children it can be helpful to call
 parents to take them home to give them time to de-stress. This would be
 voluntary and would not be an external exclusion.
- For cases of self defence, it is more likely that the school will take a flexible approach and make a decision on whether the child initiated their poor choices or made those choices in self defence. Therefore, behaviour stages for self defence are more likely to be stage 1.

Stage	Examples of Behaviour	Possible Sanctions	Comments
1	Interrupting/calling out	Quiet reminder	Often praising
	Running inside the school building	Non-verbal signals (e.g. Eye contact,	good behaviour
	Being in the wrong place at the wrong time. (e.g. In upper part of school during lunch break)	Change of seating	(e.g. 'Thank you to all of you who are walking along
	Ignoring instructions	Name on board or a warning card – after 3	the corridor sensibly.') has
	Silly noises	warnings in a day move to stage 2	a positive
	Lack of focus/effort	Some incidents in this stage	effect on
	Pushing in line	may result in immediate,	those not behaving.
	Not completing sufficient work in lessons	partial loss of break by being kept back in the classroom or by attending	benaving.
	Talking in assembly	the reflection room where	
	Swinging on chair	children are expected to	
	Not completing homework to the expected standard, including not reading regularly at home as outlined by the class teacher	reflect on their behaviour to ensure it is not repeated. Discuss how to improve behaviour with the teacher over break/lunch.	

Stage	Examples of Behaviour	Possible Sanctions	Comments
2	Persistent stage 1 behaviour. (4 to 5 times) Negatively affecting other pupils' learning	The child can miss part or all of their playtime either with the class teacher or in the reflection area.	Incidents to be recorded in pupil reward system/behav
	Inappropriate remark/interactions towards other pupils	The child may be sent to a member of the Senior Leadership Team.	iour log.
	Minor challenge or rudeness to authority	Any child who has two visits to the reflection room	Headteacher to monitor the behaviour log
	Minor damage to school's/pupils' property	for the same reason to miss part of their lunch	and speak to any child who
	Throwing objects with no intent to harm	break Any behaviour which is	is on the log for the same
	Hurtful/offensive name calling	offensive/rude/threatening to staff or other pupils will	reason.
	Swearing Unintentional harm to another	be reported to parents. Please note that racist,	
	child through carelessness.	homophobic and sexualised abuse must	
	Not being truthful about a stage 1 behaviour	recorded on the behaviour log and parents should be informed	
3	6+ times of stage 1 behaviour	Child sent to the Headteacher	Behaviour log to be
	Persistent stage 2 behaviour (4 to 5 times)	Meeting with parents to	completed.
	Isolated bullying (the child has no record of bullying)	set targets to improve the child's behaviour.	Targets
	Serious challenge to authority and refusal to follow	Loss of playtimes and lunchtimes	recorded on log.
	instructions. Repeating offensive remarks to children after receiving stage 2 sanction for the same offence.	Ban on representing the school if behaviour shows lack of respect for authority. Ban on trips outside	
	Deliberately hurting someone, including throwing objects which cause harm	school (fixed period) if the child is deemed to be a health and safety risk due to their behaviour.	
	Leaving class without permission		
	Stealing		
	Deliberate racism, homophobia or sexual harassment		

Stage	Examples of Behaviour	Possible Sanctions	Comments	
4	Persistent stage 3 behaviour (3 to 4 times)	Headteacher informed Meeting with parents to	Situation to be monitored	
	6+ times of stage 2 behaviour	set targets and inform	by teachers and Headteacher s	
	Harming someone purposefully leaving a visible	of further sanctions below:		
	mark or injury	1st sanction - Loss of 6 break/lunch break		
	Further bullying	periods over 3 days.		
	Very serious challenge to authority	2nd sanction - internal exclusion for a morning		
	Deliberate damage to school or pupils' property which	and loss of 8 break periods over 4 days		
	causes distress or has a high financial cost (over £20)	For serious offences children might move to		
	Physical abuse to a member of staff while the child is not fully in control of their emotions	the 2nd sanction immediately e.g. They harm another child and refuse to follow instructions from an adult in authority.		
		Parents will be asked to contribute to the cost of fixing or getting something new after deliberate damage to property.		
5	Persistent stage 4 behaviour (2+ times)	Order of sanctions for persistent stage 4 and 5		
	Physical abuse to a member of staff while a child is fully in	<u>behaviour.</u>		
	control of their emotions Persistent bullying (over 2	Formal exclusions which must be reported to		
		governors		
	times)	1. External exclusion for morning or afternoon (including lunchtime) 2. External exclusion for a fixed time (1 day).		

Stage	Examples of Behaviour	Possible Sanctions	Comments
6	Repeated stage 5 behaviour (2+ times)	 External exclusion for 2 days. External exclusion for a week. Governor disciplinary sub- committee convened. Possible permanent exclusion from school. 	

All the above sanctions are put in place at the discretion of the Headteacher, and the context and child's needs will be fully taken into account when sanctions are applied.

It should be noted that all possible incidents and the sanctions for the incident cannot be named in this policy and any decisions taken are at the discretion of the Headteacher and/or the Assistant Heads.

Should a child reach Stage 6 of the Behaviour sanctions table, the External Exclusion policy comes into force and explains our procedures for the next steps.

8. APPENDIX II - Physical restraint procedures

Wherever possible assistance should be sought from another member of staff before intervening. Physical intervention uses the minimum degree of force necessary for the shortest period of time to prevent a pupil harming himself, herself, others or property. This form of physical intervention may involve staff physically interposing themselves between pupils; blocking a pupil's path; escorting a pupil; shepherding a pupil away. In extreme circumstances, trained staff may need to use more restrictive holds. Any such measures will be most effective in the context of the overall ethos of the school, the way in which staff exercise their responsibilities and the behaviour management strategies used. Wherever reasonable force is used, staff must keep talking to the pupil.

Types of incidents

- (a) where action is necessary in self-defence or because there is an imminent risk of injury;
- (b) where there is a developing risk of injury, or significant damage to property;
- (c) where a pupil is behaving in a way that is compromising good order or discipline

Examples of situations which fall within one of the first two categories are:

- a pupil attacks a member of staff, or another pupil; pupils are fighting;
- a pupil is engaged in, or is on the verge of committing, deliberate damage or vandalism to property;
- a pupil is causing, or at risk of causing, injury or damage by accident, by rough play, or by misuse of dangerous materials or objects;
- a pupil is running in a corridor or on a stairway in a way which he or she might have or cause an accident likely to injure him or herself or others;
- a pupil absconds from a class or tries to leave school (NB this will only apply if a pupil could be at risk if not kept in the classroom or at school).

Examples of situations which fall into the third category are:

- a pupil persistently refuses to obey an order to leave a classroom;
- a pupil is behaving in a way that is seriously disrupting a lesson.

Acceptable measures of physical intervention

The use of any degree of force can only be deemed reasonable if it is:

- (a) warranted by the particular circumstances of the incident;
- (b) delivered in accordance with the seriousness of the incident and the consequences which it is desired to prevent;
- (c) carried out as the minimum to achieve the desired result;
- (d) the age, understanding and gender of the pupil are taken into account;
- (e) likely to achieve the desired result.

Recording

Where physical intervention has been used to manage a pupil, a record of the incident may need to be kept. Where physical control or restraint has been used a record of the incident

must be kept. This record will be stored electronically and physically for the duration of their time at our school, which will include the name of the pupil, the date, time and place of the incident and a brief description of the incident and actions taken. This report will be shared with the parents/carers and the incident discussed.

The report will be completed as soon as possible after the incident, normally prior to staff going off duty and be signed by all staff involved and the Headteacher and should be available to governors.

In addition, specific details of the use of reasonable force will be recorded on Form RF I which will include: how the incident developed; attempts made to calm the situation; names of any staff or pupils who witnessed the incident; the outcome of the incident including any injuries sustained, by any pupil or member of staff; the type of hold utilised by trained staff any damage to property which has resulted; whether/how parents have been informed; and, after investigation, a summary of actions taken.

Staff may find it helpful to seek advice from a senior colleague or representative of their professional association/union when compiling a report. They should also keep a copy of the report.

Action after an incident

The Headteacher will ensure that each incident is reviewed and investigated further as required. If further action is required in relation to a member of staff or a pupil, this will be pursued through the appropriate procedure. Adults and children involved with any incident regarding physical restraint will also have a full debrief with the headteacher.

RECORD OF PHYSICAL INTERVENTION				
Child's name:			Class:	
Antecedent (if known)				
Other children involved:			Adults involved:	
Reason for contact (type	e of incident)			
Violence to self	Violence to others	Damage to	property	
Serious disruption	Running away	Other (ple	ease specify)	
De-escalations attempte	d :			
	 -			
Verbal advice/support/lis	tening Firm clear direc	ction Lir	mited choices	
Time out directed	Change of adult	Rule rei	minder	
Success reminder	Negotiation		Humour	
Hold(s) used: None		Duration	of hold: None	
Single elbow (1/2 person)	Double elbow	(1/2 person	n)	
X wrap (1/2 person)	Other (please	e specify): Ar	m on the shoulder	
Please add brief details (continue overleaf if nec	essary)		
Parent/carer informed:			Outside agencies informed:	
Outcomes:				
Reporting Adult/Date			Headteacher aware/Date	

9. Appendix III - Rights and Responsibilities

Staff

Rights	Responsibilities
To be supported by peers and	To ask for support when needed
managers	To offer support to colleagues and managers
To be listened to	To listen to others
To share opinions	To give opinions in a constructive manner.
To be treated courteously by	To model courteous behaviour
all others in the school community	To recognise and acknowledge positive
Commonny	behaviour in others
To be made fully aware of the	To seek information and use lines of
school's system/policies/expectations	communication
· · · · · ·	
To receive appropriate training to increase skills in	To support others in developing their skills in promoting positive behaviour.
behaviour management	To acknowledge areas of own behaviour management skills that could be developed
	To try/use and to evaluate new approaches

Pupils

- I	
Rights	Responsibilities
To be treated with respect	To behave respectfully to others
To be safe	To behave in a way that keeps others and self safe
To learn	To be willing to learn To allow others to learn
	To attend school regularly
To make mistakes	To own mistakes and learn from them
	To allow others to make mistakes
To be listened to	To give opinions in a constructive manner
	To listen to others

Parents/Carers

Rights	Responsibilities
To be treated with respect	To behave respectfully towards others
To be kept informed about their child's progress	To talk to teachers if they have any concerns about their child's learning and wellbeing
	To talk to their child about what he/she does in school
	To ensure their child attends school regularly
To be listened to	To listen to others
To have access to information on the school's procedures for positive behaviour	To acknowledge/respond to information and share concerns
To have concerns taken seriously	To have concerns taken seriously

10. APPENDIX IV - Additions to Behaviour Policy while social distancing measures remain in place.

Stage		Examples of behaviour	Possible sanctions	Comments
1	•	Lining up/walking around the school too close to other children Mixing with a different group to retrieve equipment Forgetting to stay in zoned area Forgetting to social distance in the class Forgetting rules about not sharing	Quiet reminder Non-verbal signals (e.g. Eye contact, pointing) Clear warning given	Praising good social distancing (e.g. 'Thank you for keeping your distance while you line up.') has a positive effect on those not.
2	•	After 3 stage 1 behaviours Moving around the school without consent Mixing with a different group with intent Moving out of zoned area with intent Playing games which encourage loss of social distancing Not having the correct equipment Sharing with intent e.g. using someone else's pen Not washing hands Coughing/sneezing without covering face Not using a tissue Not putting a tissue in the bin Not social distancing with intent	Miss 10 minutes of break to reflect on behaviour. Headteacher called to class to speak to child Parents informed that child is breaking social distancing rules	Children should not be sent out of the class or to the headteacher as this increases their risk of infection. Reflection on behaviour could take place in the child's group room, in an area outside or in the hall
3	•	 After 3 stage 2 behaviours Spitting on the floor 	Targets set with child and parents to ensure social distancing rules are maintained Child will miss 2 lunch breaks	Targets will need to be set over the phone or through video conferencing. Missed lunch breaks will take place in the hall, outside or in the child's group room.

Stage	Examples of beh	aviour Possible sanctions	Comments
4	 After 3 targets be Spitting at anoth child/adult. Putting other children/adults of through purpose contact without of the other children/adult 	er asked to remove child from school for a day ful	This will not be a formal exclusion unless it is due to spitting or physical harm.
5	 After 2 stage 4 behaviours 	Parents/carers will be asked to keep their child away from school for the rest of the term	This will not be a formal exclusion.

This document was approved and adopted by the governing body

Date:	23rd October 2023
Name of the Chair of Governors	<u>Tanya Huehns</u>
Signature of the Chair of Governors	

Date	Status	Comments
26 th September 2017	Approved	Reference to Exclusion Policy included and details of the 5Rs added
5 th February 2018	Approved	Clarity regarding internal and external exclusions
25 th September 2018	Approved	No changes
20 th March 2019	Approved	Headteacher and all staff roles and responsibilities updated. Paragraph inserted regarding Safeguarding on page 2 of the policy and Trips on page 4.
20 th May 2020	Approved	Appendix 111 added to allow for social distancing rules.
December 2021/January 2022	Approved	Sections updated and corrections made.
23rd February 2023	Approved	Changes made due to advice from the 'Behaviour in Schools 2022' document.
October 2023	Approved	Changes made due to KCSIE 2023